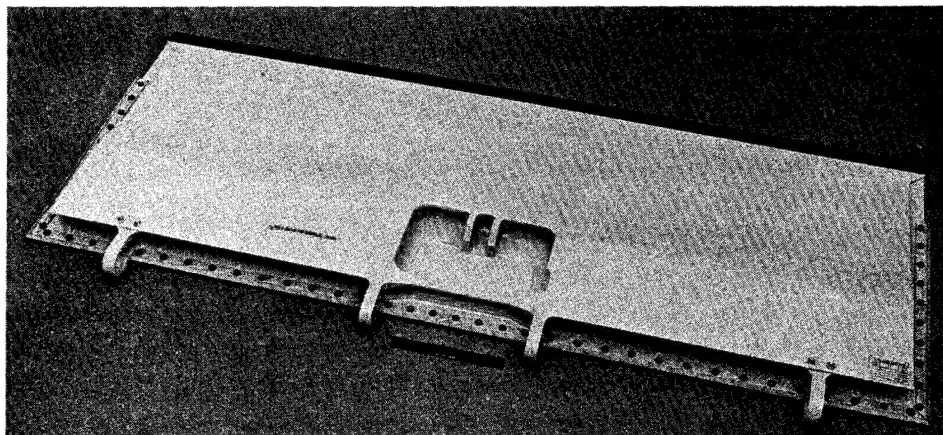
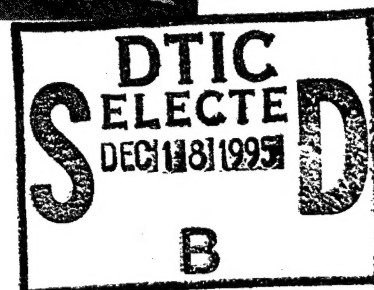


737 GRAPHITE COMPOSITE FLIGHT SPOILER FLIGHT SERVICE EVALUATION

By Robert L. Stoecklin



THIRD ANNUAL REPORT
APRIL 1976 THROUGH APRIL 1977

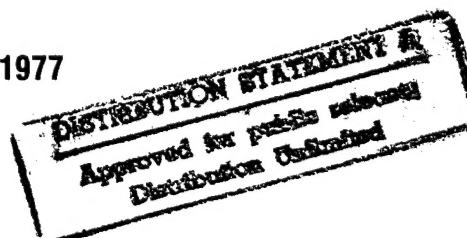


Prepared under contract NAS1-11668 by
BOEING COMMERCIAL AIRPLANE COMPANY
P.O. Box 3707
Seattle, Washington 98124

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for
Langley Research Center
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

August 1977



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| 16. Abstract <p>The third annual flight service report was prepared in compliance with the requirements of contract NAS1-11668 and covers the flight service experience of 110 graphite-epoxy spoilers on 737 transport aircraft and related ground-based environmental exposure of graphite-epoxy material specimens for the period from April 1976 through April 1977. Four spoilers have been installed on each of 27 aircraft representing seven major airlines operating throughout the world. A flight service evaluation program of at least 5 years is under way. As of April 30, 1977, a total of 766 938 spoiler flight-hours and 1 168 090 spoiler landings had been accumulated by this fleet. Based on visual, ultrasonic, and destructive testing, there has been no evidence of moisture migration into the honeycomb core and no core corrosion. Tests of removed spoilers and of ground-based exposure specimens after the third year of service continue to indicate modest changes in composite strength properties.</p> <p>Ten advanced-design, all-composite spoilers were introduced into the program beginning December 18, 1975. All ten were withdrawn from service in August 1976 following an adverse experience in which polysulfone skin panels reacted to Skydrol hydraulic fluid. Redesign of the all-composite spoilers is planned.</p> | | | | | |
| 17. Key Words (Suggested by Author(s)) Graphite-epoxy Composite spoiler Environmental exposure | | | 18. Distribution Statement Unclassified-unlimited | | |
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FOREWORD

This is the third progress report on the service evaluation of graphite-epoxy flight spoilers for 737 aircraft. This effort has been conducted as a portion of NASA Contract NAS1-11668, "A Study of the Effects of Long-Term ground and Flight Environment Exposure on the Behavior of Graphite-Epoxy Spoilers." The program is structured to gather and evaluate actual commercial service experience on a large number of graphite-epoxy specimens in a wide range of operating environments. Additional annual reports will be prepared and submitted for the duration of the flight service period, which is intended to provide at least 5 years of flight service.

The program is administered by the Langley Research Center of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Mr. Richard Pride of the Materials Division is the technical monitor.

The program is being conducted at the Boeing Commercial Airplane Company by Robert L. Stoecklin, technical leader, under the direction of J. E. McCarty, program manager.

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737 GRAPHITE COMPOSITE FLIGHT SPOILER FLIGHT SERVICE EVALUATION

Robert L. Stoecklin
Boeing Commercial Airplane Company

PROGRAM SUMMARY AND STATUS

This third annual flight service report is submitted in accordance with the requirements of contract NAS1-11668 and covers the service evaluation portion of this NASA contract for the period of April 1, 1976 through April 30, 1977. Segments of the data contained herein have appeared in previous documentation (refs. 1 and 2).

A primary objective of this program is to produce 114 graphite-epoxy 737 flight spoilers for laboratory testing and service evaluation deployment. One spoiler of each of the three different graphite-epoxy material systems used has been laboratory tested for stiffness and strength in partial fulfillment of FAA certification requirements. Four spoilers were initially installed on each of 27 aircraft representing six major airlines operating in different environmental circumstances. These units will be monitored under actual load and environmental conditions for a period of at least 5 years. Selected units are removed periodically to evaluate any material degradation as a function of time. Six environmental exposure racks have been fabricated and positioned at major airport terminals of the participating airlines in various parts of the world to gather ground-based environmental data to support the flight data gathered from the spoilers.

An additional objective of this program is the fabrication, certification, and deployment of 12 advanced-design, all-composite spoilers which are physically interchangeable with, and can be substituted for, the graphite-epoxy spoiler units deployed in the primary portion of this program. These 12 units are intended to participate in the flight service program to the maximum extent possible and no removals are scheduled.

All information regarding the fabrication, processing, and developmental testing of the all-composite spoilers leading to FAA certification has been documented in the manufacturing and test report prepared for this program (ref. 3). All information relative to the flight service program involvement will be documented within this reporting system.

Significant events that have occurred during this period include:

- Completion of the third annual inspection of the spoilers in service
- Continuation of the spoiler repair program
- Continuation of the NDI sampling program and static-testing of spoilers from the flight service program

- Expansion of the flight service program at Frontier Airlines to a second aircraft
- Withdrawal of the all-composite spoilers from the flight service program
- Extension of laminate moisture absorption study

As of April 30, 1977, a total of 766 938 spoiler flight-hours and 1 168 090 spoiler landings had been accumulated by the fleet. The high-time spoiler has accumulated 9 219 flight-hours on Frontier Airlines 737 N7386F. Thirty spoilers have accumulated in excess of 8 000 flight-hours since the beginning of the flight service program.

Based on postservice inspections, there is still no evidence of moisture migration into the honeycomb core and no evidence of core corrosion itself. A third example of exfoliation corrosion of aluminum edge members has been discovered. Investigation of this problem points to accidental breaching of the corrosion-inhibiting system prior to final bonding in fabrication.

Laboratory testing of spoilers returned from 3 years of flight service testing shows varying deterioration rates for the three material systems. Additional testing of spoilers fabricated with T300/5209 skins and zero flight service yields a scatter band for the strength data. Tests of additional ground-based exposure specimens following 3 years of exposure are included.

Maintenance damage and related repair activities have been conducted at a modest level in the past year. Four spoiler panels sustained ground-handling damage which was repaired by Boeing and the panels returned to service. Only one additional actuator-interference problem has been identified.

Deployment of the task II all-composite spoilers progressed through installation of five shipsets (two panels per aircraft) with five participating airlines by August 1976. In early August, one operator reported a lower surface delamination during a routine inspection. Following examination of the delaminated panel, all 10 task II spoilers were removed as a precautionary measure and returned to Boeing. Further use and deployment of these spoilers is under study.

Airline participation interest in the program continues at an enthusiastic level. One operator has volunteered the following comments:

In my opinion, if these spoilers had been provided as original equipment on our 737's, we could have reduced our maintenance expenditures considerably. In addition, if similar design had been incorporated on the airlerons, elevators, rudders, tabs, and other secondary components, significant maintenance savings could have been realized.

I would like to encourage you to incorporate the advances demonstrated by your program in as many components as possible or practical. I recognize that we are far from your largest buyer of aircraft, but we believe our operation subjects the B-737 to one of the most punishing environments in the world. . . .

FLIGHT SERVICE EXPERIENCE

SCOPE OF PROGRAM

The service evaluation program was established to place the 737 graphite-epoxy flight spoilers into a commercial service environment containing as many climatic variables as possible. The six active participating airlines previously identified (ref. 2) continue to operate the 27 aircraft originally committed to the program. Frontier Airlines has committed one additional aircraft, giving a new total of 28. The current participating airlines are:

- New Zealand National Airways—four shipsets (16 spoilers)
- Aloha Airlines—four shipsets (16 spoilers)
- Deutsche Lufthansa Airlines—six shipsets (24 spoilers)
- Piedmont Airlines—eight shipsets (32 spoilers)
- VASP Airlines (Brazil)—four shipsets (16 spoilers)
- Frontier Airlines—two aircraft (6 spoilers)

The geographic scope of the service-evaluation program continues as shown in figure 1.

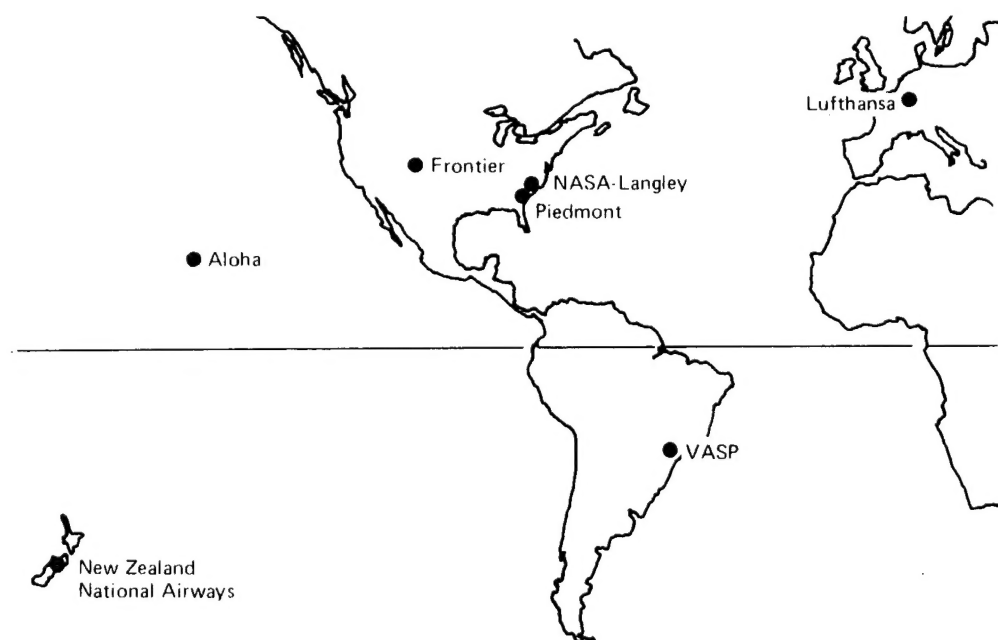


Figure 1.—Geographic Deployment of Current Participating Airlines

FLIGHT EXPERIENCE

The flight service evaluation program, in operation since July 18, 1973, has achieved an exceptional level of commercial service exposure of graphite-epoxy structural aircraft components, in the form of the 737 flight spoiler. The program has generated over three-quarters of a million flight hours of service in its 3.8 years of operation and is adding flight experience at the rate of nearly 20 000 hours per month.

The total flight experience to April 30, 1977 is detailed in table 1, with the breakdown by the spoiler serial number. Reinstallations are treated as a separate line item in this summary. Note that each of the graphite-epoxy material systems is designated by a separate block of serial numbers:

- Union Carbide T300/2544: 0001 to 0038
- Narmco T300/5209: 0041 to 0078
- Hercules AS/3501: 0081 to 0118

Table 2 summarizes the same data by airline. VASP and Frontier data include only flight experience since acquisition of their respective aircraft from PSA.

The flight experience of series 0300 all-composite spoilers has been compiled in table 3. No series 0300 spoilers are currently in service.

SPOILER REMOVALS

The spoiler removals discussed in the first and second annual reports (refs. 1 and 2) have declined significantly in this reporting period. There has been only one additional rod-end blister problem reported. Four additional spoiler panels have been returned for maintenance-related damage and one unit was returned for exfoliation corrosion. The spoiler returned as surplus (ref. 2) has been returned to flight service status. A breakdown of the reasons for removal currently shows:

- 24 (48%) returned for rod-end blister problem
- 14 (34%) returned for scheduled evaluation/test
- 9 (18%) returned for maintenance damage

Table 4 lists each of the recorded removals and the disposition associated with the removal.

Table 1. — Spoiler Service-Evaluation Program Graphite-Epoxy Spoilers only (As of April 30, 1977)

| Spoiler serial number | Airline ^a | Hours at installation | Landings at installation | Current hours | Current landings | Net hours | Net landings |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|--------------|
| 0001R | PI | 5 681 | 3 056 | 13 119 | 14 123 | 7 438 | 11 067 |
| 0002 | Test | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 0003 | PSA | 8 095 | 12 842 | 9 018 | 14 379 | 923 | 1 537 |
| 0003 | VASP | 9 018 | 14 379 | 15 997 | 22 045 | 6 979 | 7 666 |
| 0004 | PSA | 8 161 | 12 965 | 9 018 | 14 379 | 857 | 1 414 |
| 0004 | VASP | 9 018 | 14 379 | 15 9997 | 22 045 | 6 979 | 7 666 |
| 0005 | PSA | 8 095 | 12 842 | 9 018 | 14 379 | 923 | 1 537 |
| 0005 | VASP | 9 018 | 14 379 | 15 997 | 22 045 | 6 979 | 7 666 |
| 0006 | PSA | 8 161 | 12 965 | 9 018 | 14 379 | 857 | 1 414 |
| 0006 | VASP | 9 018 | 14 379 | 15 997 | 22 045 | 6 979 | 7 666 |
| 0007 | NZ | 10 861 | 15 053 | 18 723 | 25 567 | 7 862 | 10 514 |
| 0008 | NZ | 10 861 | 15 053 | 18 723 | 25 567 | 7 862 | 10 514 |
| 0009 | NZ | 10 861 | 15 053 | 16 147 | 22 112 | 5 286 | 7 059 |
| 0010 | NZ | 10 861 | 15 053 | 18 723 | 25 567 | 7 862 | 10 514 |
| 0011 | LH | 11 274 | 15 681 | 19 551 | 25 989 | 8 277 | 10 308 |
| 0012 | LH | 11 274 | 15 681 | 14 694 | 19 964 | 3 420 | 4 283 |
| b0012 | LH | 15 148 | 20 528 | 15 793 | 21 324 | 645 | 796 |
| b0012 | LH | 15 940 | 21 518 | 19 551 | 25 989 | 3 611 | 4 471 |
| 0013 | LH | 11 274 | 15 681 | 19 551 | 25 989 | 8 277 | 10 308 |
| 0014 | LH | 11 274 | 15 681 | 13 329 | 18 216 | 2 055 | 2 535 |
| 0015 | PSA | 8 651 | 13 711 | 9 399 | 14 936 | 748 | 1 225 |
| 0015 | VASP | 9 399 | 14 936 | 11 689 | 17 594 | 2 290 | 2 658 |
| b0015 | VASP | 13 411 | 19 607 | 16 442 | 22 929 | 3 031 | 3 322 |
| 0016 | PSA | 8 651 | 13 711 | 9 399 | 14 036 | 748 | 1 225 |
| 0016 | VASP | 9 399 | 14 936 | 16 442 | 22 929 | 7 043 | 7 993 |
| 0017 | PSA | 8 651 | 13 711 | 9 399 | 14 936 | 748 | 1 225 |
| 0017 | VASP | 9 399 | 14 936 | 12 432 | 18 474 | 3 083 | 3 538 |
| b0017 | VASP | 13 411 | 19 607 | 16 442 | 22 929 | 3 031 | 3 322 |
| 0018 | PSA | 8 651 | 13 711 | 9 399 | 14 936 | 748 | 1 225 |
| 0018 | VASP | 9 399 | 14 936 | 11 689 | 17 594 | 2 290 | 2 658 |
| b0018 | VASP | 13 411 | 19 607 | 16 442 | 22 929 | 3 031 | 3 322 |
| 0019 | LH | 11 200 | 14 884 | 19 244 | 24 955 | 8 044 | 10 071 |
| 0020 | LH | 11 200 | 14 884 | 19 244 | 24 955 | 8 044 | 10 071 |
| 0021 | LH | 11 200 | 14 884 | 14 653 | 19 211 | 3 453 | 4 327 |
| b0021 | LH | 15 425 | 20 178 | 19 244 | 24 955 | 3 819 | 4 777 |
| 0022 | LH | 11 200 | 14 884 | 19 244 | 24 955 | 8 044 | 10 071 |
| 0023 | Aloha | 9 207 | 24 932 | 16 148 | 43 851 | 6 941 | 18 919 |
| 0024 | Aloha | 9 207 | 24 932 | 10 974 | 29 694 | 1 767 | 4 762 |
| b0024 | Aloha | 12 071 | 32 691 | 16 148 | 43 851 | 4 077 | 11 160 |
| 0025 | Aloha | 9 207 | 24 932 | 12 964 | 35 165 | 3 757 | 10 233 |
| 0026 | Aloha | 9 207 | 24 932 | 12 071 | 32 691 | 2 864 | 7 759 |
| b0026 | Aloha | 8 287 | 14 823 | 10 395 | 20 494 | 2 108 | 5 671 |
| 0027 | PI | 12 329 | 20 204 | 20 275 | 32 262 | 7 946 | 12 058 |
| 0028 | PI | 13 747 | 22 449 | 16 387 | 26 396 | 2 640 | 3 947 |
| b0028 | PI | 17 201 | 27 670 | 21 920 | 34 735 | 4 719 | 7 065 |
| 0029 | PI | 12 329 | 20 204 | 20 275 | 32 262 | 7 946 | 12 058 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. — Continued

| Spoiler serial number | Airline ^a | Hours at installation | Landings at installation | Current hours | Current landings | Net hours | Net landings |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|--------------|
| 0030 | PI | 13 747 | 22 449 | 21 920 | 34 735 | 8 173 | 12 286 |
| 0031 | PI | 13 747 | 22 449 | 21 920 | 34 735 | 8 173 | 12 286 |
| 0032 | PI | 12 329 | 20 204 | 14 411 | 23 348 | 2 082 | 3 144 |
| ^b 0032 | PI | 15 259 | 24 624 | 20 275 | 32 262 | 5 016 | 7 638 |
| 0033 | PI | 13 747 | 22 449 | 21 920 | 34 735 | 8 173 | 12 286 |
| 0034R | PI | 12 329 | 20 204 | 20 275 | 32 262 | 7 946 | 12 058 |
| 0035 | PI | 5 681 | 3 056 | 7 673 | 5 964 | 1 992 | 2 908 |
| ^b 0035 | PI | 8 542 | 7 300 | 13 119 | 4 123 | 4 577 | 6 823 |
| 0036 | PI | 5 681 | 3 056 | 7 663 | 5 945 | 1 982 | 2 889 |
| ^b 0036 | PI | 8 542 | 7 300 | 13 119 | 14 123 | 4 577 | 6 823 |
| 0037 | PI | 5 681 | 3 056 | 13 119 | 14 123 | 7 438 | 11 067 |
| 0038 | Aloha | 11 340 | 30 745 | 16 018 | 43 699 | 4 678 | 12 954 |
| | | | | Subtotal | | 261 788 | 386 759 |
| 0041 | Test | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 0042 | PSA | 5 003 | 8 092 | 9 600 | 16 525 | 4 597 | 8 433 |
| 0042 | FL | 9 600 | 16 525 | 14 212 | 21 539 | 4 612 | 5 014 |
| 0043 | PSA | 4 993 | 8 068 | 9 600 | 16 525 | 4 607 | 8 457 |
| 0043 | FL | 9 600 | 16 525 | 14 212 | 21 539 | 4 612 | 5 014 |
| 0044 | PSA | 5 003 | 8 092 | 9 600 | 16 525 | 4 597 | 8 433 |
| 0044 | FL | 9 600 | 16 525 | 13 201 | 20 370 | 3 601 | 3 845 |
| 0045 | PSA | 4 993 | 9 068 | 6 896 | 11 280 | 1 902 | 3 212 |
| 0045 | FL | 10 064 | 16 998 | 14 212 | 21 539 | 4 148 | 4 541 |
| 0046 | Aloha | 6 447 | 9 087 | 12 143 | 24 173 | 5 696 | 15 086 |
| 0047 | Aloha | 6 447 | 9 087 | 10 256 | 19 089 | 3 809 | 10 002 |
| ^b 0047 | FL | 14 728 | 16 350 | 16 967 | 18 862 | 2 239 | 2 512 |
| 0048 | Aloha | 6 447 | 9 087 | 9 103 | 16 022 | 2 656 | 6 935 |
| ^b 0048 | Aloha | 8 287 | 14 823 | 11 005 | 22 141 | 2 718 | 7 318 |
| 0049 | Aloha | 6 447 | 9 087 | 12 050 | 23 911 | 5 603 | 14 824 |
| 0050 | NZ | 10 539 | 14 075 | 15 771 | 21 303 | 5 232 | 7 228 |
| 0051 | NZ | 10 539 | 14 075 | 18 412 | 24 825 | 7 873 | 10 750 |
| 0052 | NZ | 10 539 | 14 075 | 14 057 | 18 964 | 3 518 | 4 889 |
| ^b 0052 | NZ | 14 707 | 19 835 | 18 412 | 24 825 | 3 705 | 4 990 |
| 0053 | NZ | 10 539 | 14 075 | 13 138 | 17 747 | 2 599 | 2 672 |
| 0054 | LH | 11 152 | 15 328 | 17 899 | 23 824 | 6 747 | 8 946 |
| 0055 | LH | 11 152 | 15 328 | 19 341 | 25 544 | 8 189 | 10 216 |
| 0056 | LH | 11 152 | 15 328 | 19 341 | 25 544 | 8 189 | 10 216 |
| 0057 | LH | 11 152 | 15 328 | 15 633 | 20 997 | 4 481 | 5 669 |
| 0058 | PSA | 8 476 | 13 644 | 9 402 | 15 241 | 926 | 1 597 |
| 0058 | VASP | 9 402 | 15 241 | 16 222 | 22 794 | 6 820 | 7 553 |
| 0059 | PSA | 8 476 | 13 644 | 9 402 | 15 241 | 926 | 1 597 |
| 0059 | VASP | 9 402 | 15 241 | 10 900 | 17 164 | 1 498 | 1 923 |
| 0059 | VASP | 13 181 | 19 621 | 16 222 | 22 794 | 3 041 | 3 173 |
| 0060 | PSA | 8 476 | 13 644 | 9 402 | 15 241 | 926 | 1 597 |
| 0060 | VASP | 9 402 | 15 241 | 14 715 | 21 102 | 5 313 | 5 861 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. — Continued

| Spoiler serial number | Airline ^a | Hours at installation | Landings at installation | Current hours | Current landings | Net hours | Net landings |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|--------------|
| 0061 | PSA | 8 476 | 13 644 | 9 402 | 15 241 | 926 | 1 597 |
| 0061 | VASP | 9 402 | 15 241 | 16 222 | 22 794 | 6 820 | 7 553 |
| 0062 | LH | 11 450 | 15 759 | 19 462 | 25 797 | 8 012 | 10 033 |
| 0063 | LH | 11 450 | 15 759 | 19 462 | 25 792 | 8 012 | 10 033 |
| 0064 | LH | 11 450 | 15 759 | 19 462 | 25 792 | 8 012 | 10 033 |
| 0065 | LH | 11 450 | 15 759 | 19 462 | 25 792 | 8 012 | 10 033 |
| 0066 | NZ | 10 787 | 14 648 | 14 184 | 19 120 | 3 397 | 4 472 |
| ^b 0066 | NZ | 14 602 | 19 678 | 18 574 | 25 213 | 3 972 | 5 535 |
| 0067 | NZ | 10 787 | 14 648 | 18 574 | 25 213 | 7 787 | 10 565 |
| 0068 | NZ | 10 787 | 14 648 | 18 574 | 25 213 | 7 787 | 10 565 |
| 0069 | NZ | 10 787 | 14 648 | 18 574 | 25 213 | 7 787 | 10 565 |
| ^b 0069 | NZ | 10 787 | 14 648 | 18 574 | 25 213 | 7 787 | 10 565 |
| 0070 | PI | 13 908 | 22 649 | 22 080 | 35 141 | 8 172 | 12 492 |
| 0071 | PI | 13 908 | 22 649 | 22 080 | 35 141 | 8 172 | 12 492 |
| 0072 | PI | 13 908 | 22 649 | 22 080 | 35 141 | 8 172 | 12 492 |
| 0073 | PI | 15 070 | 24 630 | 22 221 | 35 351 | 7 151 | 10 721 |
| 0074 | PI | 13 908 | 22 649 | 19 600 | 31 548 | 5 692 | 8 899 |
| 0074 | FL | 14 728 | 16 350 | 16 967 | 18 862 | 2 239 | 2 512 |
| 0075 | PI | 15 070 | 24 630 | 22 221 | 35 351 | 7 151 | 10 721 |
| 0076 | PI | 15 070 | 24 630 | 22 221 | 35 351 | 7 151 | 10 721 |
| 0077 | PI | 15 070 | 24 630 | 22 221 | 35 351 | 7 151 | 10 721 |
| 0078 | Aloha | 9 343 | 25 410 | 11 340 | 30 728 | 1 997 | 5 318 |
| ^b 0078 | Aloha | 9 103 | 16 022 | 12 143 | 24 173 | 3 040 | 8 151 |
| | | | | Subtotal | | 261 992 | 389 277 |
| 0081 | Test | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 0082 | LH | 11 560 | 16 962 | 19 723 | 29 524 | 8 163 | 12 562 |
| 0083 | LH | 11 560 | 16 962 | 15 286 | 22 013 | 3 726 | 5 051 |
| ^b 0083 | LH | 16 901 | 26 080 | 19 723 | 29 524 | 2 822 | 3 444 |
| 0084 | LH | 11 560 | 16 962 | 15 286 | 22 013 | 3 726 | 5 051 |
| ^b 0084 | LH | 16 576 | 25 672 | 19 723 | 29 524 | 3 147 | 3 852 |
| 0085 | LH | 11 560 | 16 962 | 15 896 | 23 901 | 4 336 | 6 939 |
| ^b 0085 | LH | 16 901 | 26 080 | 19 723 | 29 524 | 2 822 | 3 444 |
| 0086 | NZ | 5 587 | 8 565 | 13 365 | 19 104 | 7 778 | 10 539 |
| 0087 | NZ | 5 587 | 8 565 | 9 516 | 13 797 | 3 929 | 5 232 |
| ^b 0087 | NZ | 10 647 | 15 393 | 13 365 | 19 104 | 2 718 | 3 711 |
| 0088 | NZ | 5 587 | 8 565 | 9 516 | 13 797 | 3 929 | 5 232 |
| ^b 0088 | NZ | 10 647 | 15 393 | 12 556 | 18 020 | 1 909 | 2 627 |
| 0089 | NZ | 5 587 | 8 565 | 7 272 | 10 794 | 1 685 | 2 229 |
| ^b 0089 | NZ | 8 771 | 12 820 | 12 556 | 18 020 | 3 785 | 5 200 |
| 0090 | Aloha | 5 623 | 7 992 | 6 788 | 10 937 | 1 165 | 2 945 |
| ^b 0090 | Aloha | 11 344 | 30 728 | 16 018 | 43 699 | 4 674 | 12 971 |
| 0091 | Aloha | 5 623 | 7 992 | 8 287 | 14 823 | 2 664 | 6 831 |
| ^b 0091 | Aloha | 12 964 | 35 165 | 16 148 | 43 851 | 3 184 | 8 686 |
| 0092 | Aloha | 5 623 | 7 992 | 11 005 | 22 141 | 5 382 | 14 149 |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. — Concluded

| Spoiler serial number | Airline ^a | Hours at installation | Landings at installation | Current hours | Current landings | Net hours | Net landings |
|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|--------------|
| 0093 | PI | 13 879 | 22 839 | 16 461 | 26 759 | 2 582 | 3 920 |
| ^b 0093 | PI | 17 333 | 28 122 | 21 797 | 34 851 | 4 464 | 6 729 |
| 0094 | PI | 13 879 | 22 839 | 16 461 | 26 759 | 2 582 | 3 920 |
| ^b 0094 | PI | 17 333 | 28 122 | 22 039 | 35 217 | 4 706 | 7 095 |
| 0095 | PI | 13 879 | 22 839 | 22 039 | 35 217 | 8 160 | 12 378 |
| 0096 | PI | 13 879 | 22 839 | 22 039 | 35 217 | 8 160 | 12 378 |
| 0097 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 0098 | Aloha | 9 244 | 25 150 | 16 018 | 43 699 | 6 774 | 18 549 |
| 0099 | PI | 10 290 | 15 517 | 18 724 | 28 324 | 8 434 | 12 807 |
| 0100 | PI | 12 641 | 20 584 | 20 652 | 32 721 | 8 011 | 12 137 |
| 0101 | PI | 10 290 | 15 517 | 18 724 | 28 324 | 8 434 | 12 807 |
| 0102 | PI | 10 290 | 15 517 | 18 724 | 28 324 | 8 434 | 12 807 |
| 0103 | PI | 12 641 | 20 584 | 20 652 | 32 721 | 8 011 | 12 137 |
| 0104 | Aloha | 9 244 | 25 150 | 11 340 | 30 745 | 2 096 | 5 595 |
| 0105 | Aloha | 9 244 | 25 150 | 9 343 | 25 410 | 99 | 260 |
| ^b 0105 | Aloha | 6 916 | 11 247 | 9 287 | 14 823 | 1 371 | 3 576 |
| 0106 | Aloha | 5 623 | 7 992 | 11 005 | 22 141 | 5 382 | 14 149 |
| 0107 | Aloha | 9 244 | 25 150 | 16 018 | 43 699 | 6 774 | 18 549 |
| 0108 | PSA | 8 621 | 13 711 | 9 568 | 15 160 | 947 | 1 449 |
| 0108 | VASP | 9 568 | 15 160 | 15 342 | 21 726 | 5 774 | 6 566 |
| 0109 | PSA | 8 621 | 13 711 | 9 568 | 15 160 | 947 | 1 449 |
| 0109 | VASP | 9 568 | 15 160 | 12 174 | 18 313 | 2 606 | 3 153 |
| 0110 | PSA | 8 261 | 13 711 | 9 568 | 15 160 | 947 | 1 449 |
| 0110 | VASP | 9 568 | 15 160 | 16 464 | 23 006 | 6 896 | 7 846 |
| 0111 | PSA | 8 621 | 13 711 | 9 568 | 15 160 | 947 | 1 449 |
| 0111 | VASP | 9 568 | 15 160 | 12 174 | 18 313 | 2 606 | 3 153 |
| ^b 0111 | VASP | 13 369 | 19 647 | 16 464 | 23 006 | 3 095 | 3 359 |
| 0112 | LH | 11 587 | 16 011 | 15 179 | 20 569 | 3 592 | 4 558 |
| ^b 0112 | LH | 16 309 | 21 974 | 19 433 | 25 846 | 3 124 | 3 872 |
| 0113 | LH | 11 587 | 16 011 | 19 433 | 25 846 | 7 846 | 9 835 |
| 0114 | LH | 11 587 | 16 011 | 14 601 | 19 849 | 3 014 | 3 838 |
| ^b 0114 | LH | 15 179 | 20 569 | 19 433 | 25 846 | 4 254 | 5 277 |
| 0115 | LH | 11 587 | 16 011 | 19 433 | 25 846 | 7 846 | 9 835 |
| 0116 | PI | 10 290 | 15 517 | 18 529 | 28 010 | 8 239 | 12 493 |
| 0117 | PI | 12 641 | 20 584 | 20 657 | 32 721 | 8 011 | 12 137 |
| 0118 | PI | 12 641 | 20 584 | 18 147 | 29 062 | 5 506 | 8 478 |
| ^b 0118 | PI | 19 709 | 31 351 | 20 652 | 32 721 | 943 | 1 370 |
| Subtotal | | | | | | 243 158 | 392 054 |
| Grand Total | | | | | | 766 938 | 1,168,090 |

^a PI Piedmont Airlines
VASP Viacao Aerea Sao Paulo Airlines, Brazil
NZ New Zealand National Airways
LH Lufthansa German Airlines
FL Frontier Airlines

^bReinstallation

Table 2. — Flight spoiler service experience (Through April 30, 1977)

| Airline | Number of aircraft in evaluation | Number of spoilers in evaluation | Total spoiler hours since installation | Total spoiler landings since installation |
|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| PSA | 0 | 0 | 29 747 | 51 521 |
| Aloha | 4 | 16 | 91,276 | 245 352 |
| New Zealand | 4 | 16 | 108 262 | 146 602 |
| Lufthansa | 6 | 24 | 175 761 | 224 305 |
| Piedmont | 8 | 32 | 244 307 | 369 255 |
| VASP | 4 | 16 | 96 134 | 107 617 |
| Frontier | 2 | 6 | 21 451 | 23 438 |
| Totals | 28 | 110* | 766 938 | 1 168 090 |

* Current total is 92 spoilers, with 18 spoilers either inactive or retired

Table 3. — Spoiler Service Evaluation Program (All-Composite, Polysulfone)

| Spoiler serial number | Airline | Hours at installation | Landings at installation | Current hours* | Current landings* | Net hours | Net landings |
|-----------------------|---------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------|
| 0306 | Aloha | 13 572 | 36 811 | 14 843 | 40 236 | 1 271 | 3 425 |
| 0307 | Aloha | 10 256 | 19 089 | 11 165 | 21 498 | 909 | 7 409 |
| 0308 | PI | 19 600 | 31 548 | 20 540 | 32 962 | 940 | 1 414 |
| 0309 | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 0310 | NZ | 16 313 | 22 047 | 17 071 | 23 044 | 758 | 997 |
| 0311 | NZ | 16 313 | 22 047 | 17 000 | 22 951 | 687 | 904 |
| 0312R | — | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 0313 | LH | 17 134 | 22 875 | 17 899 | 23 824 | 765 | 949 |
| 0314 | LH | 17 265 | 23 192 | 18 110 | 24 246 | 845 | 1 054 |
| 0315 | PI | 18 147 | 29 062 | 91 241 | 30 677 | 1 094 | 1 615 |
| 0316 | FL | 14 764 | 16 390 | 15 078 | 17 500 | 314 | 1 110 |
| 0317 | FL | 14 764 | 16 390 | 15 078 | 17 500 | 314 | 1 110 |
| Totals | | | | | | 7 897 | 14 987 |

* All 0300 series spoilers currently inactive

Table 4. — Flight Spoiler Removal Summary * (As of April 30, 1977)

| Spoiler serial number | Airline | Date removed | Reason for removal | Action taken | Final disposition |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 0009 | NZ | 2-4-76 | Spar corrosion | Analyze only | Await disp. |
| 0012 | Lufthansa | 3-4-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0014 | Lufthansa | 7-29-74 | 1-yr evaluation | NDT & repair | Static test |
| 0015 | VASP | 5-13-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0017 | VASP | 9-21-75 | 2-yr evaluation | NDT | Reinstalled |
| 0018 | VASP | 5-13-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0021 | Lufthansa | 3-29-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0024 | Aloha | 7-11-74 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0025 | Aloha | 8-18-75 | 2-yr evaluation | NDT | Static test |
| 0026 | Aloha | 2-25-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0026 | Aloha | 11-11-76 | 3-yr evaluation | NDT | Static test |
| 0028 | Piedmont | 2-24-75 | 1-yr evaluation | NDT | Reinstalled |
| 0032 | Piedmont | 1-28-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0035 | Piedmont | 4-18-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0036 | Piedmont | 4-16-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0045 | PSA/Frontier | 7-14-74 | 1-yr evaluation | NDT | Reinstalled |
| 0047 | Aloha | 1-7-76 | Replaced by Task II | NDT | Await reinst |
| 0048 | Aloha | 2-25-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0050 | NZ | 1-28-76 | Spar corrosion | Analyze only | Scrapped |
| 0052 | NZ | 2-27-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0053 | NZ | 9-24-74 | 1-yr evaluation | NDT | Static test |
| 0054 | Lufthansa | 11-11-76 | 3-yr evaluation | NDT | Static test |
| 0057 | Lufthansa | 9-7-75 | 2-yr evaluation | NDT | Static test |
| 0059 | VASP | 1-14-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0060 | VASP | 9-2-76 | 3-yr evaluation | NDT | Reinstalled |
| 0066 | NZ | 2-27-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0074 | Piedmont | 4-27-76 | 2-yr evaluation | NDT | Reinstalled |
| 0078 | Aloha | 10-24-74 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0083 | Lufthansa | 5-17-75 | Maintenance damage | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0084 | Lufthansa | 5-17-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0085 | Lufthansa | 9-4-75 | 2-yr evaluation | NDT | Reinstalled |
| 0087 | NZ | 6-11-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0088 | NZ | 6-11-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0089 | NZ | 6-21-74 | Maintenance damage | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0090 | Aloha | 5-2-74 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0091 | Aloha | 5-16-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0093 | Piedmont | 4-1-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0094 | Piedmont | 4-1-75 | 1-yr evaluation | NDT | Reinstalled |
| 0104 | Aloha | 10-25-74 | 1-yr evaluation | NDT | Static test |
| 0105 | Aloha | 10-17-73 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0105 | Aloha | 5-16-75 | 2nd upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Scrapped |
| 0109 | VASP | 7-29-75 | 2-yr evaluation | NDT | Static test |
| 0111 | VASP | 7-29-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0112 | Lufthansa | 6-20-75 | Maintenance damage | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0114 | Lufthansa | 3-9-75 | Upper skin blister | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0115 | Lufthansa | 11-9-76 | 3-yr evaluation | NDT | Reinstalled |
| 0116 | Piedmont | 4-4-77 | 3-yr evaluation | NDT | Static test |
| 0118 | Piedmont | 5-18-76 | Replaced by Task II | NDT | Reinstalled |

*Current unscheduled removals in Table 8

STATIC TEST RESULTS

During this reporting period, a total of six spoilers were removed from the flight service program for evaluation and test. Five of these spoilers were removed to satisfy the third-year removal requirement and one spoiler was removed to complete the two-year removal requirement. The sixth three-year spoiler is scheduled for removal in May 1977. All removed spoilers were reinspected using the NDI color C-scan and the results compared to the scan records made at the time of original fabrication. No detectable differences were noted in this comparison. The second-year spoiler was returned to the flight service program. Three of the third-year spoilers (S/N 0026, 0054, and 0116) were then selected to be destructively tested to measure residual static strength following the specified calendar period of exposure. Table 5 contains the data relative to the third-year removals. Table 6 is repeated from reference 2 to complete the two-year data.

Table 5. -- Static Test Results (Third Year)

| Spoiler serial number | Airline | NDI results | Failure load % DLL | Static test results | | Time in service | Flight hours |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | | | | % change strength | % change stiffness | | |
| 0026(-1) | Aloha | Clear | 230% | - 6% | - 4% | 37 mos 4 days | 4972 |
| 0027(-1) | PI | Removal in process | — | Not scheduled for test | | — | — |
| 0054(-2) | LH | Clear | 218% | -25% | -13% | 36 mos 0 day | 6747 |
| 0060(-2) | VP | Clear | — | Not tested | | 36 mos 26 days | 6239 |
| 0115(-3) | LH | Clear | — | Not tested | | 35 mos 26 days | 6735 |
| 0116(-3) | PI | Clear | 247% | + 2% | 0% | 36 mos 14 days | 8239 |

Table 6. — Static Test Results (Second Year)

| Spoiler serial number | Airline | NDI results | Failure load % DLL | Static test results | | Time in service | Flight hours |
|-----------------------|---------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | | | | % change strength | % change strength | | |
| 0017(-1) | VP | Clear | — | Not tested | | 25 mos 19 days | 3780 |
| 0025(-1) | Aloha | Clear | 260% | + 6% | 0% | 24 mos 0 days | 3757 |
| 0057(-2) | LH | Clear | 257% | -11% | - 5% | 24 mos 1 day | 4481 |
| 0074(-2) | PI | Clear | — | Not tested | | 25 mos 23 days | 5692 |
| 0085(-3) | LH | Clear | — | Not tested | | 23 mos 22 days | 4336 |
| 0109(-3) | VP | Clear | 237% | - 2% | -11% | 22 mos 29 days | 3553 |

A plot of the residual static strength data accumulated to date appears in figure 2, and is plotted as a function of time. This data not only continues to point out the scatter in the strength data being collected, but begins to show an identifiable trend relative to both the 250° F curing system and the 350° F curing systems. As shown in figure 2, both 350° F systems are maintaining a relative stability in residual strength as contrasted to the 250° F system.

To assist in better understanding the magnitude of data scatter, additional static tests have been performed on 15 spoiler panels (P/N 65-76327-2, T300/5209 material system). The purpose of this test series was to establish a range of variation of panel strengths resulting from variations in manufacturing quality. All 15 spoilers had zero service exposure and all 15 were fabricated in one production batch. All tests were conducted in the same test fixture and to the same test conditions. The test load is the single resultant load of the applied design airload pressure, with design limit load equal to 3 787 lbs. All test data is shown in table 7.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mean failure load} &= \frac{152\,405}{15} = 10\,160 \text{ lbs.} \\ & \text{(15 specimens)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Mean failure load} &= \frac{163\,349}{16} = 10\,209 \text{ lbs.} \\ & \text{(15 specimens} \\ & \text{plus certification test)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Strength ratio (max)} = \frac{10\,944}{10\,209} = 1.072$$

$$\text{Strength ratio (min)} = \frac{8\,709}{10\,209} = 0.853$$

The scatter band represented by these values is displayed graphically on figure 2. Consideration of this scatter contributes to the previous observation that the 350° F curing systems are maintaining relatively stable residual strength.

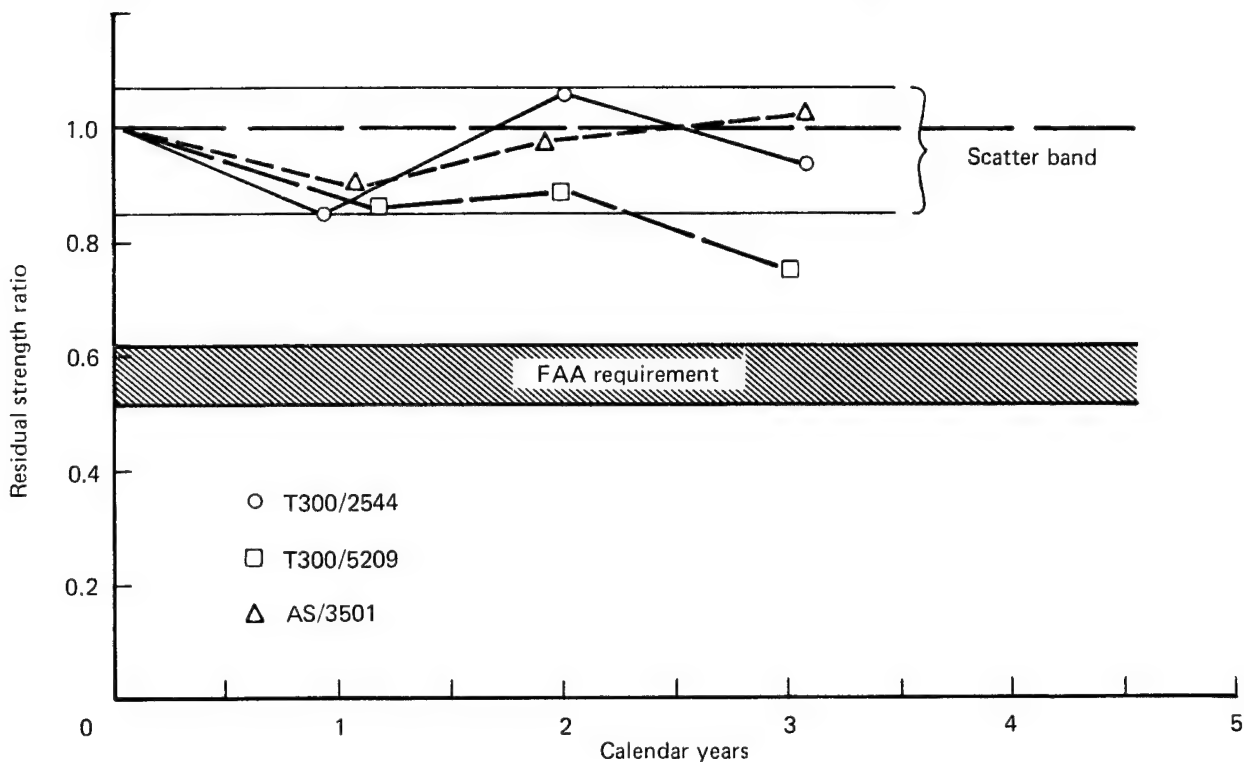


Figure 2. — Residual Strength After Exposure

Table 7. — Additional Zero-Time Spoiler Static Tests

| Test number | Specimen serial number | Failure load, lb |
|-------------|------------------------|------------------|
| 1 | 219 | 9 946 |
| 2 | 222 | 9 543 |
| 3 | 211 | 10 421 |
| 4 | 216 | 10 848 |
| 5 | 225 | 10 736 |
| 6 | 220 | 8 709 |
| 7 | 204 | 10 153 |
| 8 | 203 | 10 296 |
| 9 | 208 | 10 404 |
| 10 | 210 | 10 304 |
| 11 | 224 | 10 400 |
| 12 | 214 | 10 813 |
| 13 | 213 | 10 408 |
| 14 | 201 | 10 549 |
| 15 | 217 | 8 875 |

CORROSION

The continuing concern for evidence of galvanic corrosion on the spoiler panels has indicated the desirability of differentiating between the areas of potential corrosion.

EXTERNAL

Twelve additional examples of corrosion of the -23 lower surface external doubler were reported from the annual spoiler examination activity. The corrosion on these doublers appears to be typical of incomplete surface protection rather than of electrochemical origin. None of these cases approached the severity of the example shown in reference 1, page 13. All twelve cases were refurbished by the operators and remained in service.

INTERNAL

Detection of internal corrosion on bonded assemblies has been exceptionally difficult, primarily due to lack of reliable nondestructive techniques. Principal reliance has been on visual observation of such phenomena as cracking or blistering.

No additional examples of exfoliation corrosion were reported from the completed fleet survey (ref. 2, p. 11). One additional case of exfoliation corrosion in the aluminum (7075-T6) spar element (fig. 3) was observed during the recent annual spoiler examination activity. This spoiler, S/N 0049 and operated by Aloha, was removed and returned to Boeing for examination. This spoiler has been committed to the repair cycle for refurbishment.



Figure 3. — Exfoliation Corrosion in Spar of S/N 0049

The examination technique for honeycomb core corrosion has been expanded to encompass all units that are tested in the static test laboratory. Each spoiler assembly is completely sectioned to enable visual observation of both bond lines in virtually all portions of the panel. Figure 4 shows a typical example of the degree of dissection achieved. A total of five static test spoilers (S/N 0057 and 0109 from the second year testing and S/N 0026, 0054, and 0116 from the third year testing) have been sectioned in this manner. Not only has there been a complete absence of corrosion in the honeycomb, but the physical appearance of both the honeycomb and the cured EA9628 adhesive compares favorably with newly manufactured assemblies.

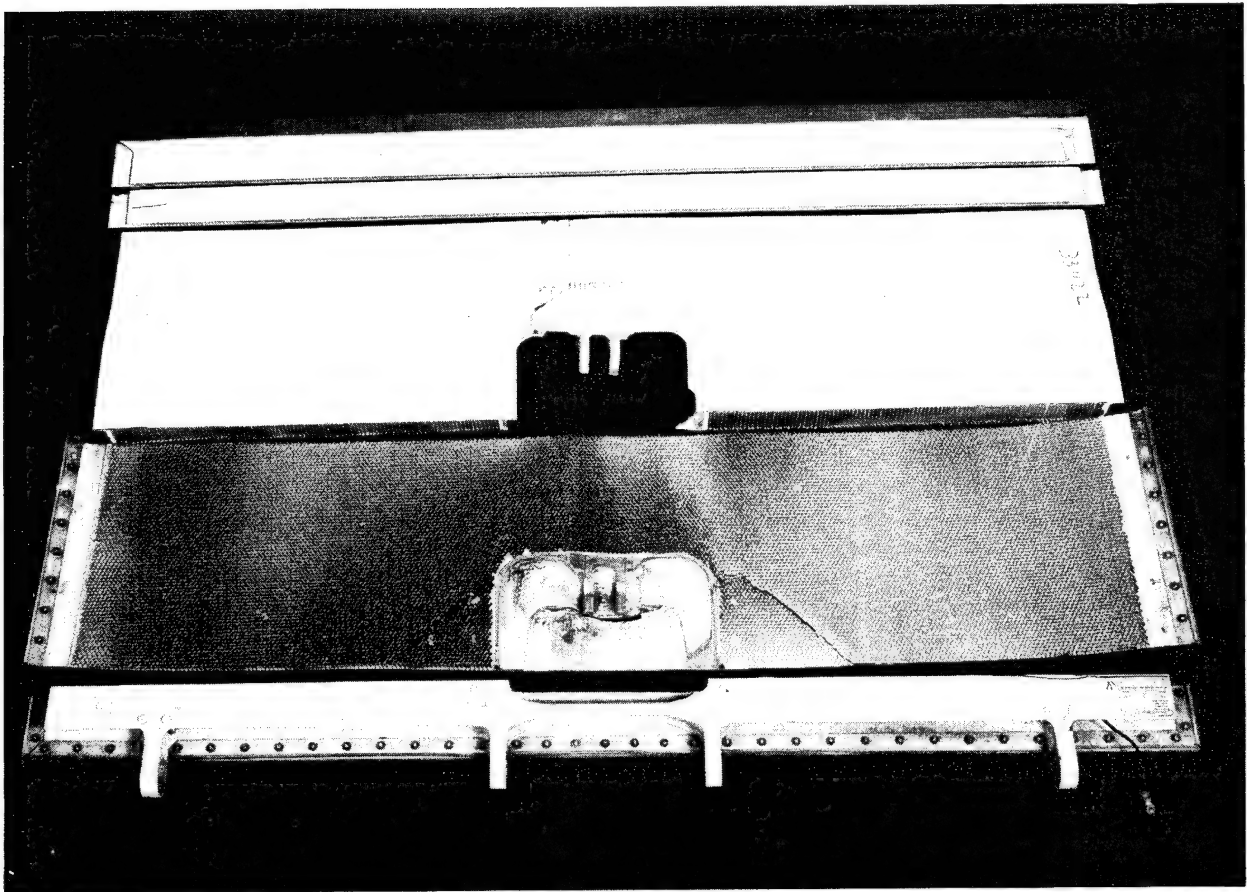


Figure 4. — Dissection of S/N 0054 for Corrosion Inspection

MOISTURE ABSORPTION

Initial efforts at moisture absorption measurement in this program involved gross spoiler panel weight measurements, from which differential weights were calculated. However, since the composite skins contribute approximately one-quarter of the entire panel weight, and the weight differences were necessarily quite small, the weight changes in these small quantities were virtually undetectable. In addition, changes in other quantities, such as paint erosion, dirt and grease accumulation, and fluid absorption in the seals contributed to erroneous conclusions in the weight calculations.

During the past year, a new and significantly more reliable system of moisture absorption measurement was devised. Since there exists within Boeing no suitable nondestructive technique for determining moisture content in laminates, the revised approach core-samples all spoiler panels scheduled for destructive testing. These samples are removed from environmentally exposed spoiler panels at locations near the trailing edge (see figure 5). This procedure maximizes the percentage of composite weight in the sample (approximately 65% composite by weight) while avoiding interference with the structural testing process and results.

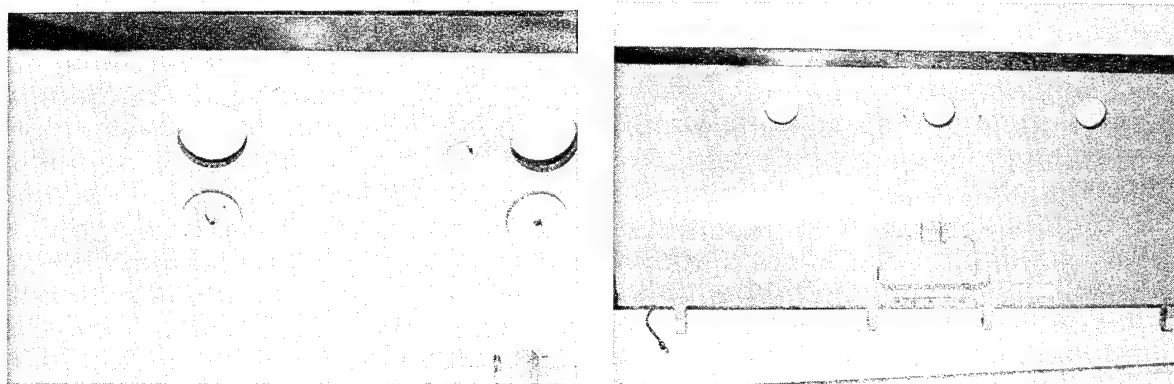


Figure 5. — Core Sampling of Environmentally Exposed Panels

The core samples (three per spoiler) are subjected to a 25-day drying environment at 160° F. The samples are weighed at discreet intervals in order to construct the weight-loss curve, an example of which is shown in figure 6. Actual weights of EA9628 adhesive and calculated weights of aluminum core are included in the final values. The final delta weights include moisture absorbed by the laminates and by the two layers of adhesive. Separation of the moisture content in each medium remains to be accomplished.

Two spoiler panels (S/N 0026 and S/N 0054) have been core-sampled prior to static test. The results of drying these samples are given in figure 6. Correlation of the effect of moisture absorption on the residual strength of the spoiler panels remains to be accomplished.

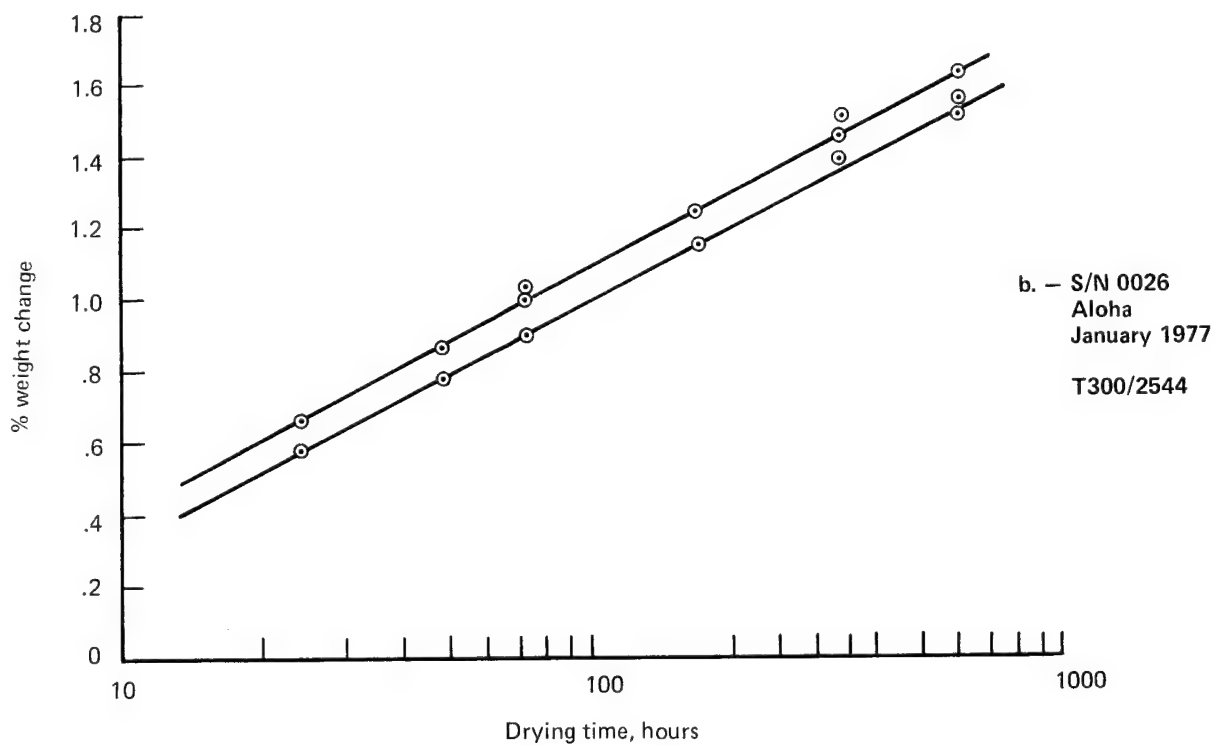
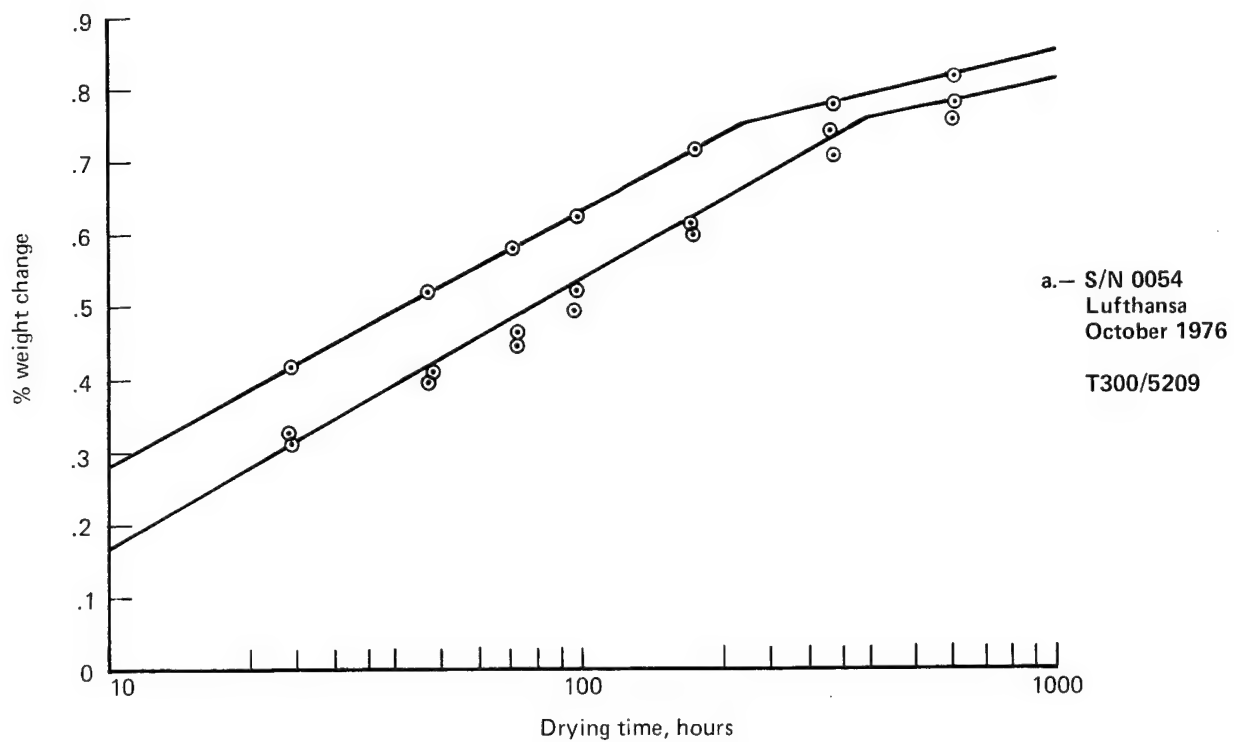


Figure 6. — Moisture Weight Change

SERVICE PROBLEMS/REPAIRS

The current reporting period has seen a significant reduction in service-related problems. As previously noted in the spoiler removal section, only six spoiler panels experienced unscheduled removals during this period. A summary of these removals is shown in table 8.

The one instance of the upper surface blister problem (S/N 0093) occurred as a result of inadvertent reinstallation of the larger actuator rod-end (ref. 1, p. 11) which was previously identified as the cause of this type of problem. Immediate corrective action was taken by the airline.

The additional instance of spar corrosion was a less severe example of the problem shown in figure 2 of reference 2. The spoiler panel is presently being repaired following examination and analysis of the problem.

The three cases of maintenance damage are illustrative of the ever-present risks associated with maintenance operations. Each instance of maintenance damage occurred inside the maintenance hanger area and was a result of activity involving aircraft components in the vicinity of the spoilers themselves. Two incidents resulted in damage to the trailing edge (figs. 7 and 8) and one panel received handling damage to the leading edge spar (fig. 9). The rate of maintenance damage approximates that of the previous year of operation.

Table 8. — Unscheduled Flight Spoiler Removals

| Spoiler serial number | Airline | Date removed | Reason for removal | Action taken | Final disposition |
|-----------------------|---------|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 0044 | FL | 12/29/76 | External doubler delamination | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0049 | TS | 4/13/77 | Spar exfoliation corrosion | NDT | Repair in process |
| 0088 | NZ | 11/22/76 | Maintenance damage | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0089 | NZ | 11/22/76 | Maintenance damage | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |
| 0093 | PI | 3/30/77 | Upper skin blister | NDT | Repair in process |
| 0108 | VP | 11/17/76 | Maintenance damage | NDT & repair | Reinstalled |

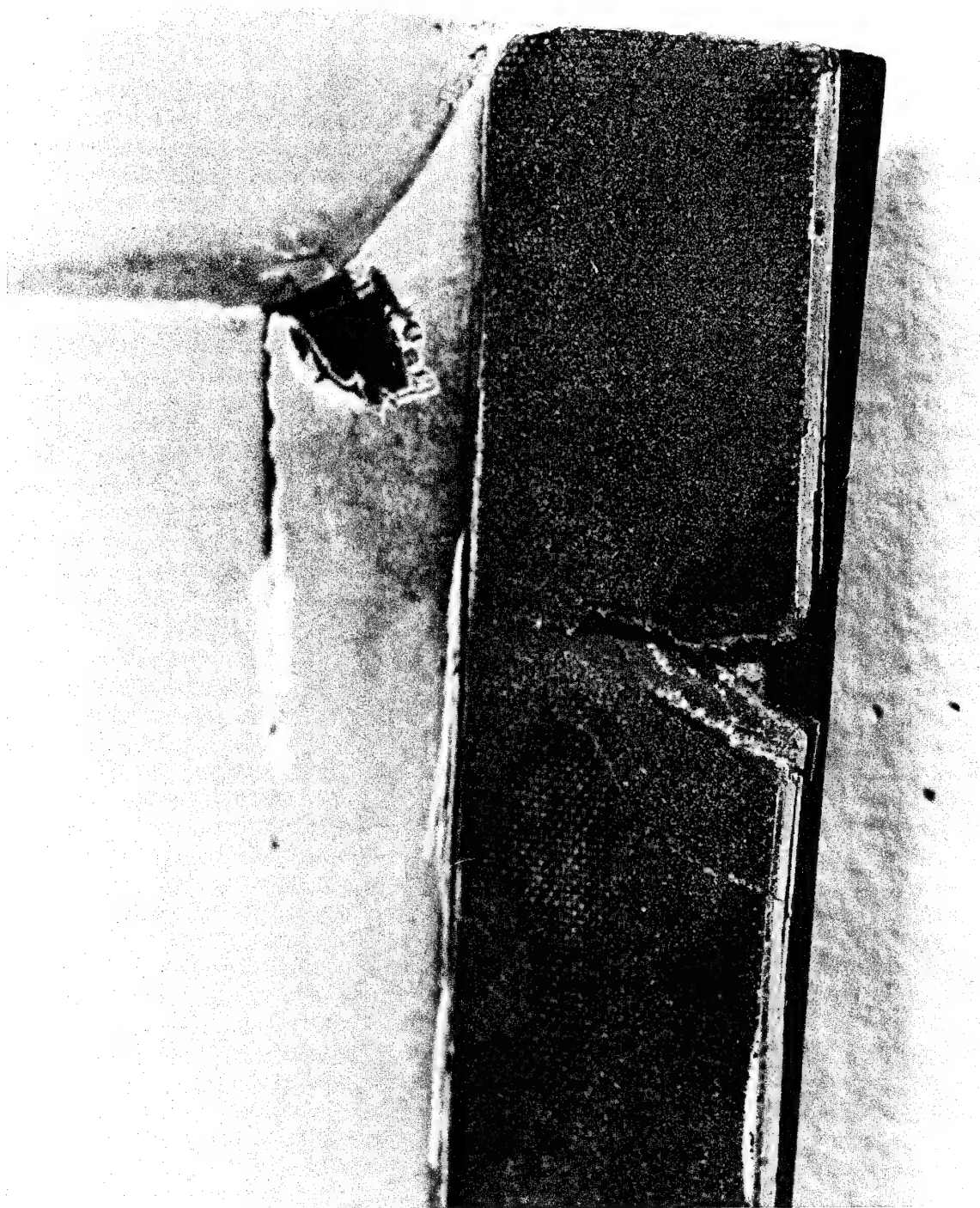


Figure 7. — Trailing Edge Damage — S/N 0089

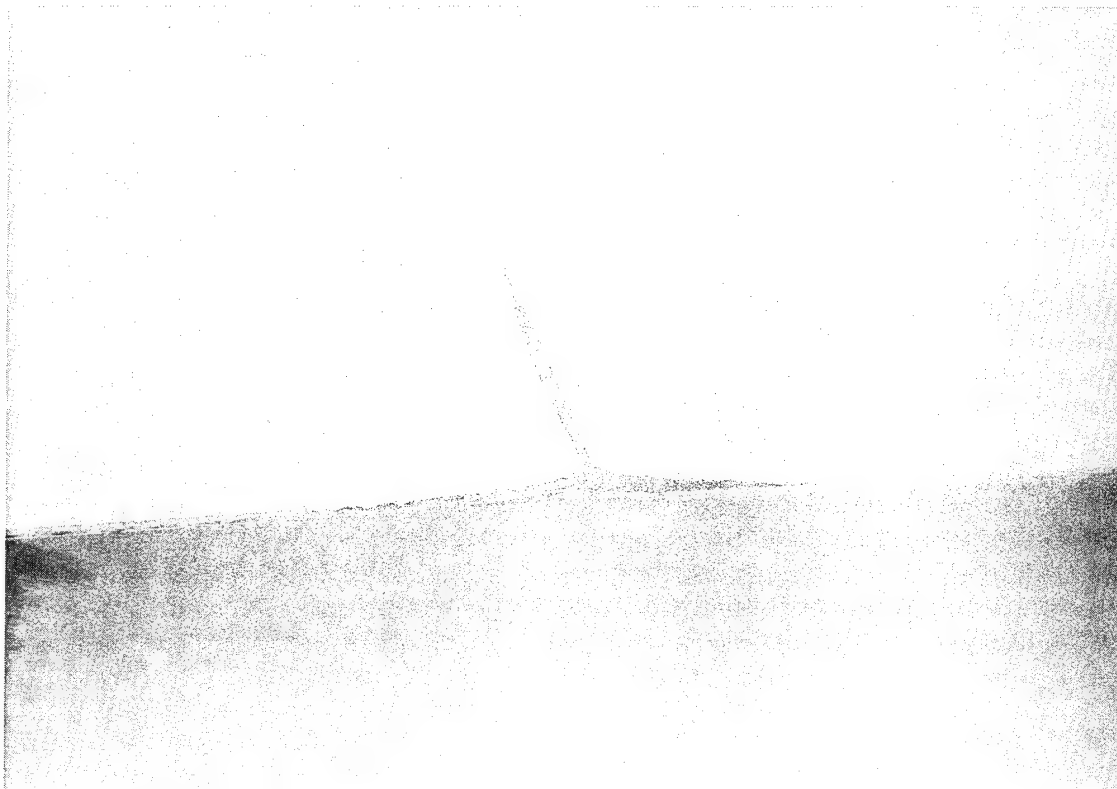


Figure 8. — Trailing Edge Damage — S/N 0108



Figure 9. — Leading Edge Spar Damage — S/N 0088

TASK II - ALL COMPOSITE SPOILER

The initial introduction of the all-composite spoiler into flight service occurred on December 18, 1975, by Aloha Airlines. (ref. 1). Subsequent installations of two assemblies each were made by National Airways (NZ), Lufthansa, Piedmont, and Frontier Airlines. On August 6, 1976, Aloha Airlines reported a lower surface skin delamination on spoiler S/N 0306 (fig. 10) following a routine overnight inspection. No structural failure reports were filed prior to the routine inspection and subsequent removal from service. A similar examination of spoiler S/N 0307 showed similar, though less severe, evidence of delamination and strain. A precautionary examination by the remaining operators was conducted, and all remaining spoilers were removed from service to preclude any potential risks for the operators. All units have been returned to Boeing pending a decision on disposition.

Chemical analysis of skin samples removed from spoiler S/N 0306 have confirmed that the principal contaminants were phosphate esters which are principal ingredients in Skydrol 500. Additional evaluation steps are being investigated.

The service history of those all-composite spoilers deployed on revenue aircraft is documented in the "Flight Experience" section.

GROUND-BASED ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICE

Material property specimens were removed from the ground-based environmental exposure program following the third year of exposure. The specimens were returned from the various sites to NASA-Langley for laboratory evaluation. The reduced moisture absorption data has been plotted in figure 11, which also contains the first year data and the "NASA-only" second year moisture data. Current program plans call for a retrieval schedule at the completion of 1, 3, 5, 7 and 10 years of exposure.

The plotted data continued to exhibit a stabilizing trend, with an increasing scatter within the averages. The tabulated moisture data is presented in tables 9, 10, and 11. Plots of strength retention similar to those that appeared in references (1) and (2) are shown in figures 12, 13, and 14. The data for the strength retention plots is also included in tables 9, 10, and 11.

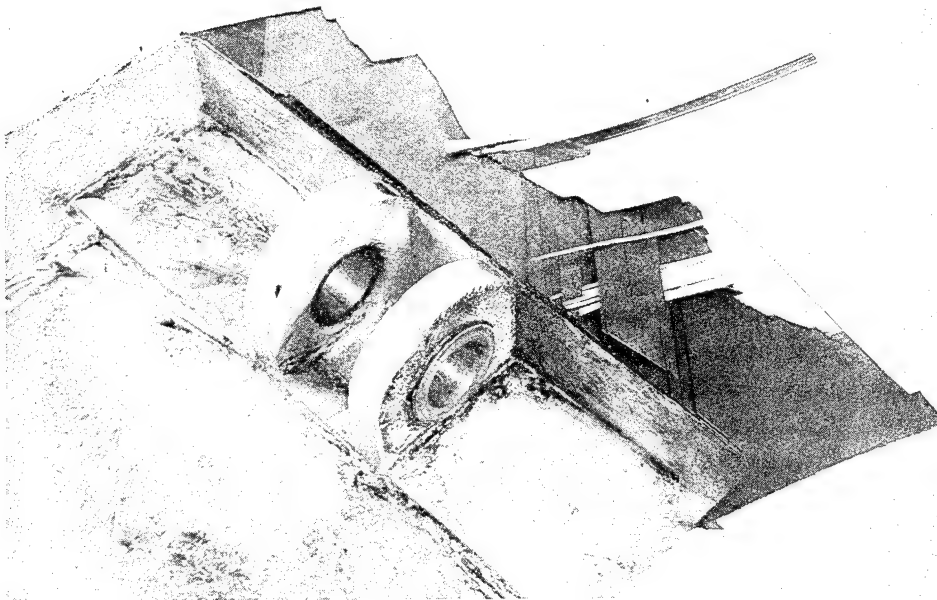


Figure 10. — Lower Surface Delamination—Aloha Spoiler S/N 0306

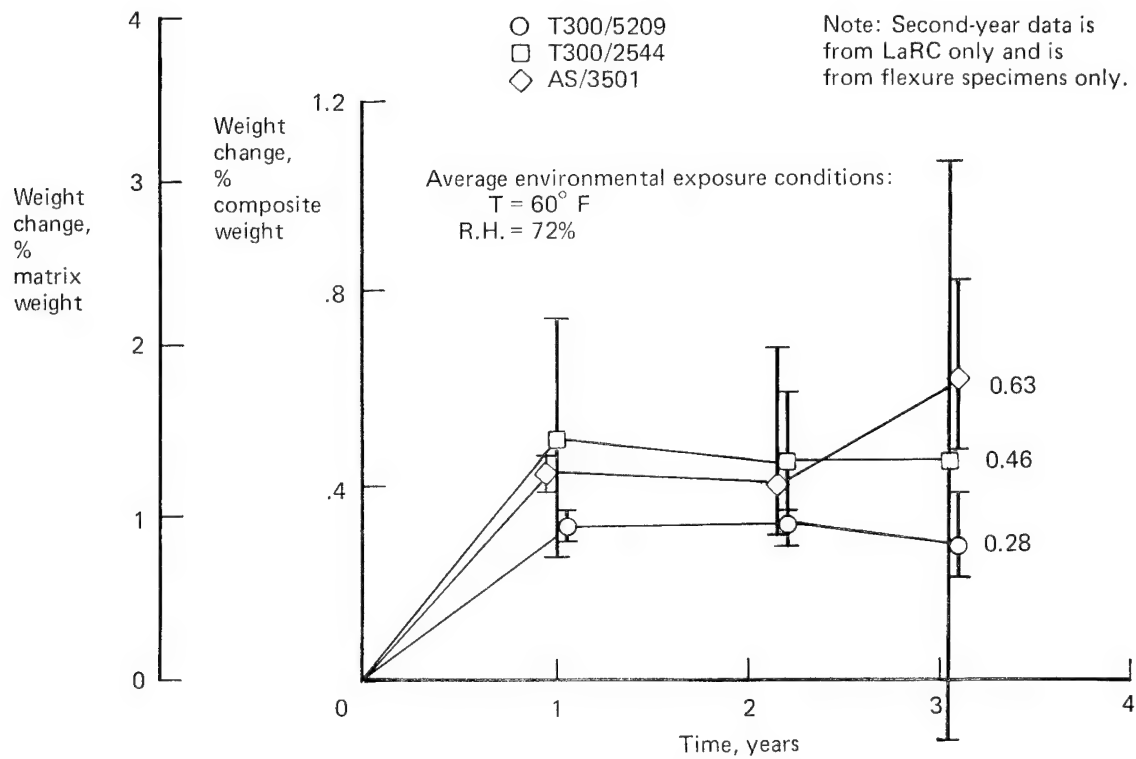


Figure 11. — Moisture Pickup in Exposed Epoxy-Matrix Laminates

Table 9. — Results of Ground-Based Environmental Exposure on Graphite-Epoxy Mechanical Property Test Specimens — Short-Beam Interlaminar Shear Tests

| Exposure time, yr | Exposure location | Graphite material system | Number of specimens | Average failure stress | | Average weight change | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------|
| | | | | MPa | ksi | grams | % |
| 0 (baseline) | LaRC | T300/5209 | 5 | 77 | 11.2 | — | — |
| 3 | LaRC | T300/5209 | 3 | 78 | 11.3 | +0.0039 | +0.51 |
| 3 | Hawaii | T300/5209 | 3 | 81 | 11.8 | +0.0045 | +0.60 |
| 3 | New Zealand | T300/5209 | 3 | 77 | 11.2 | +0.0046 | +0.61 |
| 3 | Germany | T300/5209 | 3 | 82 | 11.9 | +0.0039 | +0.53 |
| 3 | California | T300/5209 | 2 | 79 | 11.5 | +0.0040 | +0.54 |
| 3 | LaRC* (painted specimens) | T300/5209 | 3 | 77 | 11.1 | +0.0034 | +0.41 |
| 3 | Brazil | T300/5209 | (unavail) | — | — | — | — |
| 0 (baseline) | LaRC | T300/2544 | 4 | 81 | 11.7 | — | — |
| 3 | LaRC | T300/2544 | 3 | 67 | 9.7 | +0.0081 | +1.34 |
| 3 | Hawaii | T300/2544 | 3 | 77 | 11.1 | -0.0183 | -2.62 |
| 3 | New Zealand | T300/2544 | 3 | 64 | 9.3 | +0.0117 | +1.86 |
| 3 | Germany | T300/2544 | 3 | 59 | 8.6 | +0.0078 | +1.38 |
| 3 | California | T300/2544 | 3 | 66 | 9.6 | +0.0069 | +1.23 |
| 3 | LaRC* (painted specimens) | T300/2544 | 3 | 68 | 9.9 | +0.0090 | +1.35 |
| 3 | Brazil | T300/2544 | (unavail) | — | — | — | — |
| 0 (baseline) | LaRC | AS/3501 | 5 | 87 | 12.6 | — | — |
| 3 | LaRC | AS/3501 | 3 | 91 | 13.2 | +0.0045 | +0.78 |
| 3 | Hawaii | AS/3501 | 3 | 81 | 11.8 | +0.0298 | +5.08 |
| 3 | New Zealand | AS/3501 | 3 | 76 | 11.0 | +0.0084 | +1.43 |
| 3 | Germany | AS/3501 | 3 | 89 | 12.9 | +0.0048 | +0.86 |
| 3 | California | AS/3501 | 3 | 85 | 12.4 | +0.0050 | +0.91 |
| 3 | LaRC* (painted specimens) | AS/3501 | 3 | 85 | 12.3 | +0.0037 | +0.60 |
| 3 | Brazil | AS/3501 | (unavail) | — | — | — | — |

*Painted specimens were fully coated with a polyurethane-based enamel over a calcium chromate primer prior to exposure at the Langley site.

Table 10. — Results of Ground-Based Environmental Exposure on Graphite-Epoxy Mechanical Property Test Specimens — Flexure^a Tests

| Exposure time, yr | Exposure location | Graphite-epoxy material system | Number of specimens | Average failure stress | | Average flexure modulus | | Average weight change | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | | | | MPa | ksi | GPa | psi (x 10 ⁶) | grams | % ^b |
| 0(baseline) | LaRC | T300/5209 | 5 | 1529 | 221.8 | 103.8 | 15.05 | — | — |
| 3 | LaRC | T300/5209 | 3 | 1638 | 137.5 | 104.5 | 15.15 | +0.0052 | +0.24 |
| 3 | Hawaii | T300/5209 | 3 | 1387 | 201.1 | 103.5 | 15.01 | +0.0049 | +0.23 |
| 3 | New Zealand | T300/5209 | 3 | 1349 | 195.6 | 108.9 | 15.80 | +0.0080 | +0.38 |
| 3 | Germany | T300/5209 | 3 | 1592 | 230.9 | 103.8 | 15.05 | +0.0056 | +0.26 |
| 3 | California | T300/5209 | 3 | 1644 | 238.4 | 104.7 | 15.19 | +0.0045 | +0.22 |
| 3 | LaRC ^c (painted specimens) | T300/5209 | 3 | 1519 | 220.3 | 105.2 | 15.26 | +0.0087 | +0.34 |
| 3 | Brazil | T300/5209 | (unavail) | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 0(baseline) | LaRC | T300/2544 | 5 | 1462 | 212.0 | 106.2 | 15.41 | — | — |
| 3 | LaRC | T300/2544 | 3 | 1581 | 229.3 | 103.8 | 15.05 | -0.0017 | +0.26 |
| 3 | Hawaii | T300/2544 | 3 | 1584 | 229.7 | 102.3 | 14.84 | -0.0114 | -0.26 |
| 3 | New Zealand | T300/2544 | 3 | 1435 | 208.2 | 101.1 | 14.67 | +0.0053 | +0.63 |
| 3 | Germany | T300/2544 | 3 | 1638 | 237.6 | 104.8 | 15.20 | +0.0088 | +0.81 |
| 3 | California | T300/2544 | 3 | 1691 | 245.2 | 107.4 | 15.58 | -0.0019 | +0.25 |
| 3 | LaRC ^c (painted specimens) | T300/2544 | 3 | 1633 | 236.9 | 105.1 | 15.25 | +0.0153 | +1.08 |
| 3 | Brazil | T300/2544 | (unavail) | — | — | — | — | — | — |
| 0(baseline) | LaRC | AS/3501 | 5 | 1449 | 210.1 | 94.7 | 13.73 | — | — |
| 3 | LaRC | AS/3501 | 3 | 1757 | 254.8 | 98.9 | 14.35 | +0.0036 | +0.53 |
| 3 | Hawaii | AS/3501 | 3 | 1635 | 237.1 | 95.1 | 13.79 | +0.0025 | +0.47 |
| 3 | New Zealand | AS/3501 | 3 | 1465 | 212.5 | 98.3 | 14.25 | +0.0093 | +0.83 |
| 3 | Germany | AS/3501 | 3 | 1715 | 248.8 | 95.3 | 13.82 | +0.0056 | +0.63 |
| 3 | California | AS/3501 | 3 | 1696 | 246.0 | 97.3 | 14.11 | +0.0057 | +0.64 |
| 3 | LaRC ^c (painted specimens) | AS/3501 | 3 | 1770 | 256.7 | 101.8 | 14.77 | +0.0077 | +0.66 |
| 3 | Brazil | AS/3501 | (unavail) | — | — | — | — | — | — |

^aFlexure specimens were fabricated from laminates with ply orientations identical to spoiler skin orientation. Specimen length is oriented in the 90° direction of the laminate.

^bCorrected to initial fully dry weight.

^cPainted specimens were fully coated with a polyurethane-based enamel over a calcium chromate primer prior to exposure at the Langley site.

Table 11. — Results of Ground-Based Environmental Exposure on Graphite-Epoxy Mechanical Property Test Specimens — Compression^a Tests

| Exposure time, yr | Exposure location | Graphite-epoxy material system | Number of specimens | Average failure stress | | Average weight change | |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|
| | | | | MPa | ksi | grams | % |
| 0 (baseline) | LaRC | T300/5209 | 3 | 712 | 103.2 | — | — |
| 3 | LaRC | T300/5209 | 3 | 698 | 101.2 | +0.0640 | +0.80 |
| 3 | Hawaii | T300/5209 | 3 | 560 | 81.2 | +0.0735 | +0.93 |
| 3 | New Zealand | T300/5209 | 3 | 674 | 97.8 | +0.0945 | +1.18 |
| 3 | Germany | T300/5209 | 3 | 688 | 99.8 | +0.0498 | +0.62 |
| 3 | California | T300/5209 | 3 | 654 | 94.9 | +0.0846 | +1.04 |
| 3 | LaRC ^b (painted specimens) | T300/5209 | 3 | 662 | 96.0 | +0.0531 | +0.65 |
| 3 | Brazil | T300/5209 | (unavail) | — | — | — | — |
| 0 (baseline) | LaRC | T300/2544 | 4 | 1029 | 149.2 | — | — |
| 3 | LaRC | T300/2544 | 3 | 955 | 138.5 | +0.0985 | +1.39 |
| 3 | Hawaii | T300/2544 | 3 | 812 | 117.7 | +0.0964 | +1.38 |
| 3 | New Zealand | T300/2544 | 3 | 860 | 124.8 | +0.1139 | +1.63 |
| 3 | Germany | T300/2544 | 3 | 985 | 142.8 | +0.0639 | +0.91 |
| 3 | California | T300/2544 | 2 | 1046 | 151.7 | +0.1014 | +1.50 |
| 3 | LaRC ^b (painted specimens) | T300/2544 | 3 | 926 | 134.3 | +0.0865 | +1.20 |
| 3 | Brazil | T300/2544 | (unavail) | — | — | — | — |
| 0 (baseline) | LaRC | AS/3501 | 5 | 1107 | 160.5 | — | — |
| 3 | LaRC | AS/3501 | 3 | 1003 | 145.5 | +0.0583 | +0.89 |
| 3 | Hawaii | AS/3501 | 3 | 998 | 144.8 | +0.0607 | +0.94 |
| 3 | New Zealand | AS/3501 | 3 | 953 | 138.2 | +0.0741 | +1.10 |
| 3 | Germany | AS/3501 | 3 | 1080 | 156.6 | +0.0464 | +0.70 |
| 3 | California | AS/3501 | 3 | 1045 | 151.5 | +0.0779 | +1.19 |
| 3 | LaRC ^b (painted specimens) | AS/3501 | 3 | 1068 | 154.9 | +0.0570 | +0.87 |
| 3 | Brazil | AS/3501 | (unavail) | — | — | — | — |

^aCompression specimens were fabricated from laminates with ply orientations identical to spoiler skin ply orientation. Specimen length is oriented in the 90° direction of the skin laminate.

^bPainted specimens were fully coated with a polyurethane-based enamel over a calcium chromate primer prior to exposure at the Langley site.

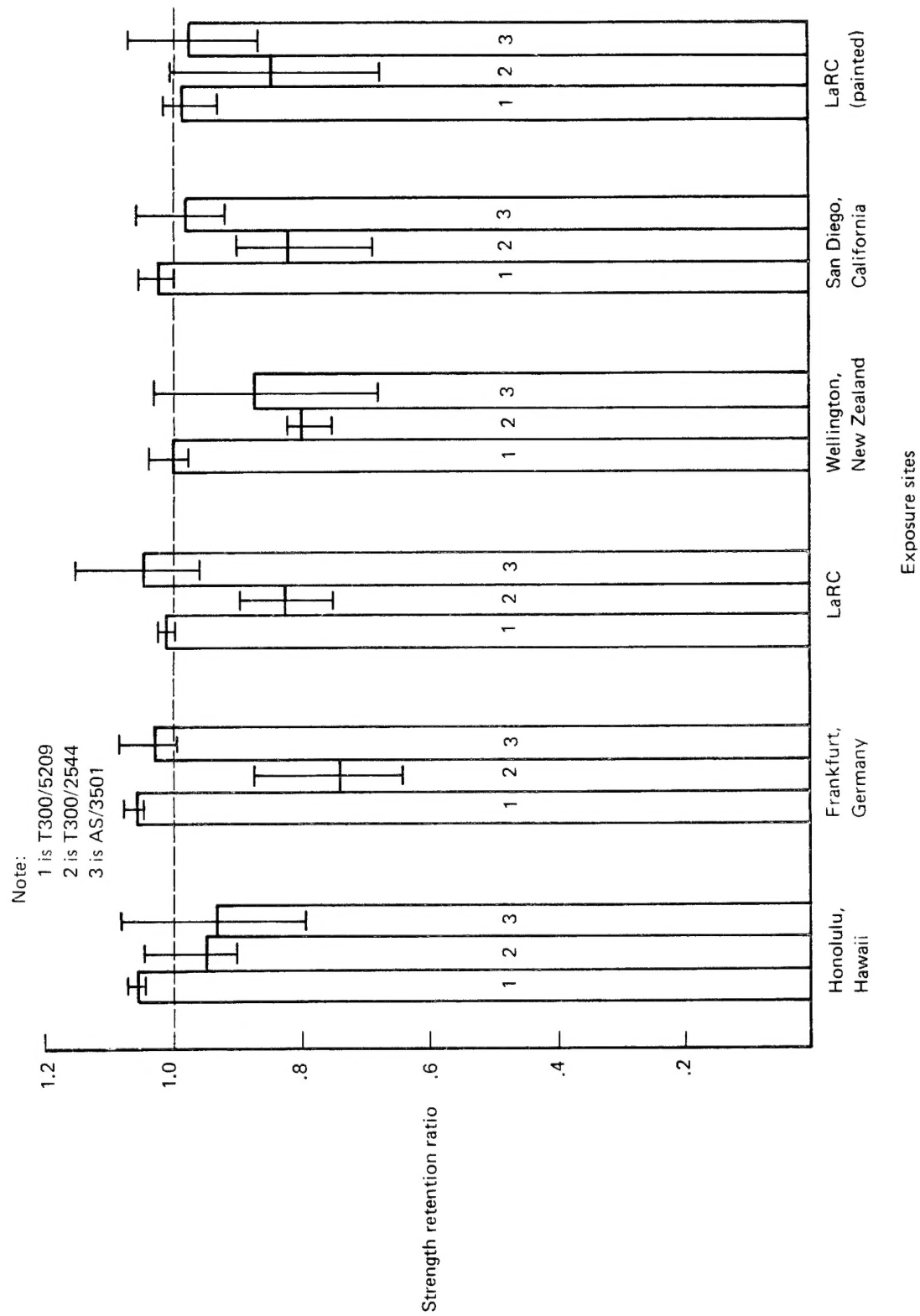


Figure 12. — Interlaminar Shear Strengths of Graphite-Epoxy Composites
 After 3 Years Outdoor Ground Exposure

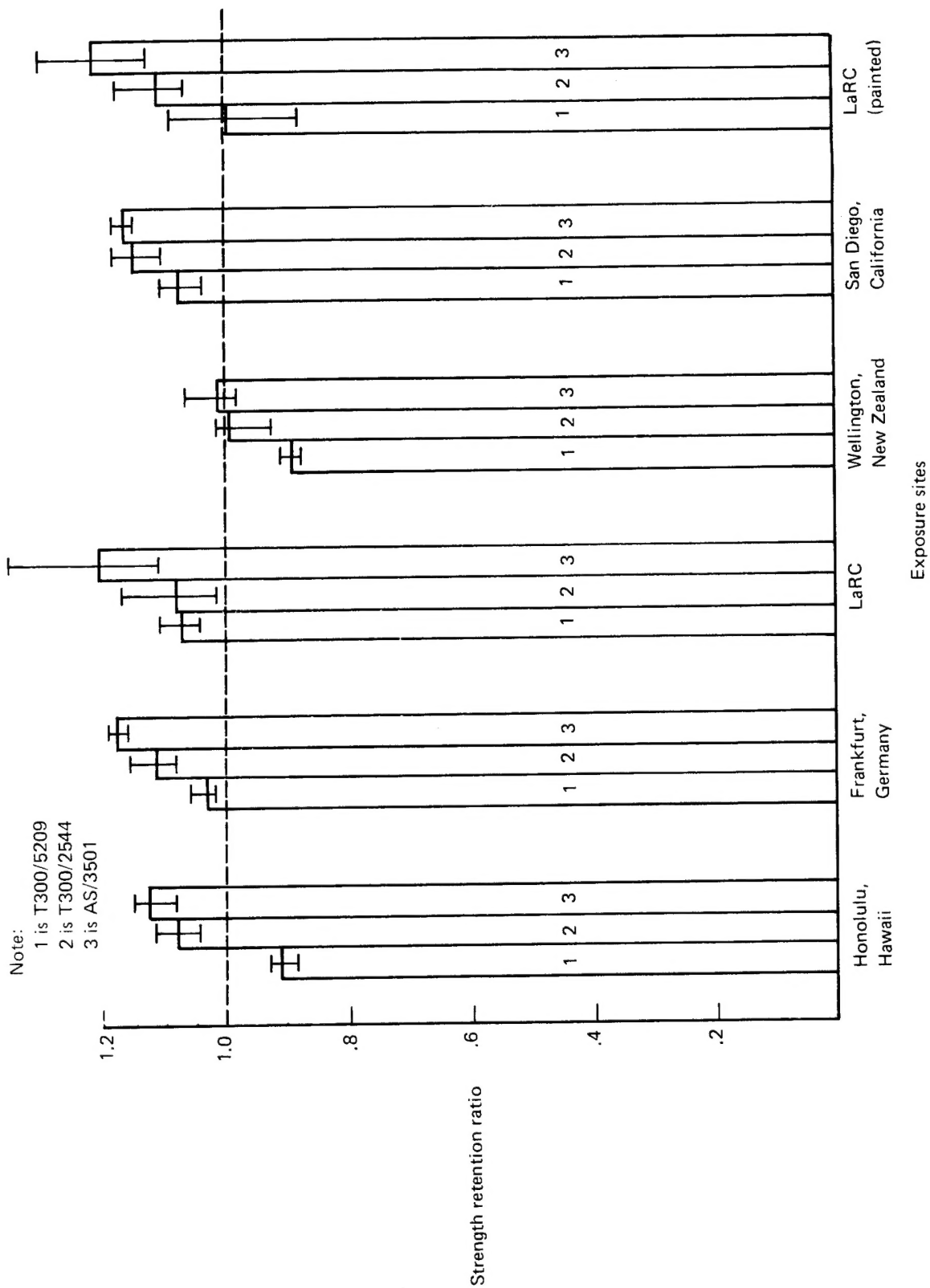


Figure 13. — Flexure Strengths of Graphite-Epoxy Composites After 3 Years Outdoor Ground Exposure

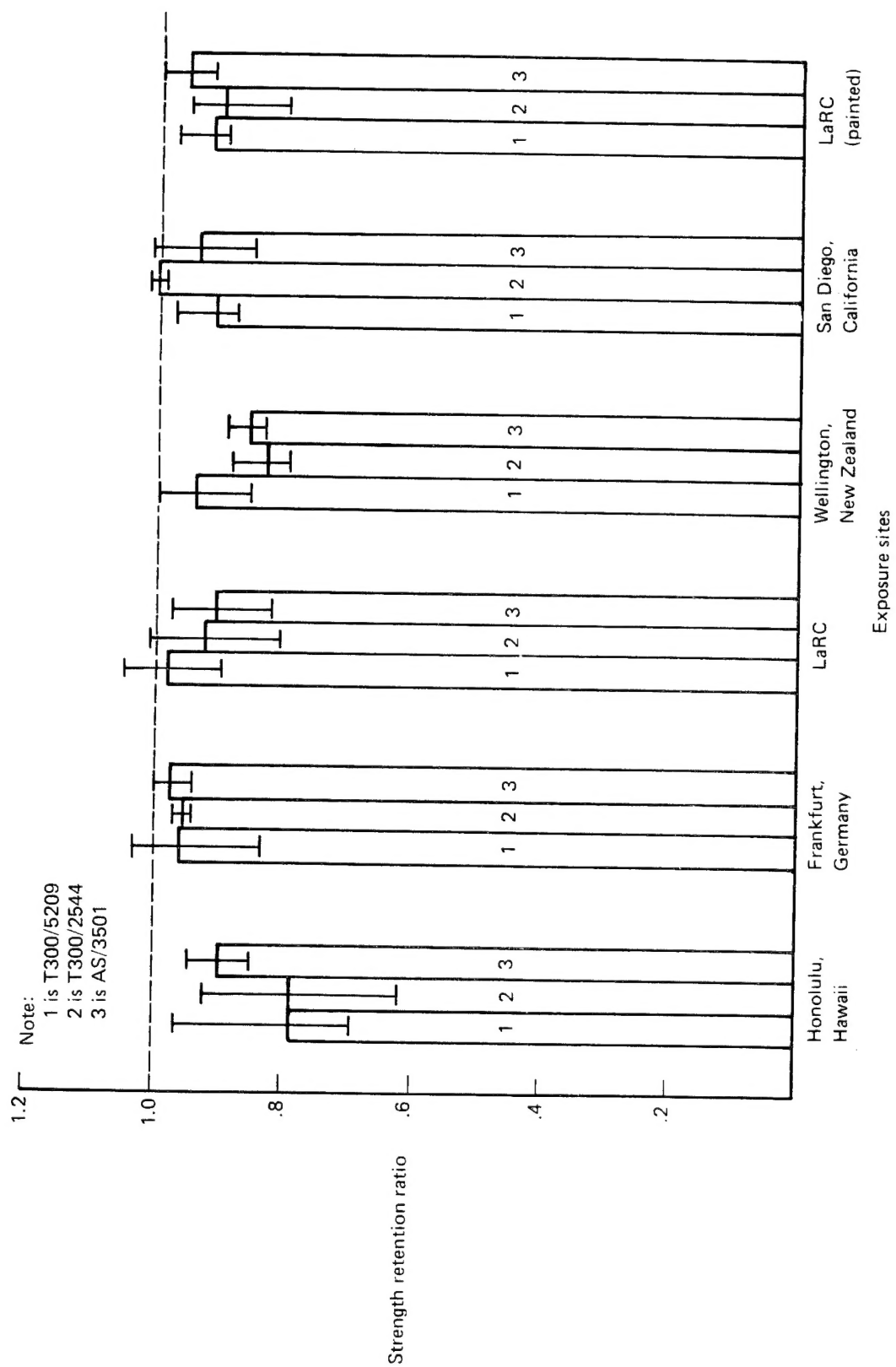


Figure 14. — Compression Strengths of Graphite-Epoxy Composites
 After 3 Years Outdoor Ground Exposure

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